Class 1b
FINDING YOUR VOICE &
RECOVERING THOSE LONG LOST

Galatians 3:25-29

²⁵ But now that faith has come, we are no longer subject to a disciplinarian, ²⁶ for in Christ Jesus you are all children of God through faith. ²⁷ As many of you as were baptized into Christ have clothed yourselves with Christ. ²⁸ There is no longer Jew or Greek, there is no longer slave or free, **there is no longer male and female**; for all of you are one in Christ Jesus. ²⁹ And if you belong to Christ, then you are Abraham's offspring, heirs according to the promise.

Defining Feminism

Definition

Feminism encompasses movements, ideologies and practices dedicated to the social, economic and political equality of the sexes.

A feminist is thus a person who advocates or works for the social, economic, and political equality of the sexes.

Defining Feminism

Joann Wolski Conn's Definition

[Feminism is] both a coordinated set of ideas and a practical plan of action, rooted in women's critical awareness of how a culture controlled in meaning and action by men, for their own advantage, oppresses women and dehumanizes men.

Defining Feminism

Three Waves

late 19th-early 20th c First Wave

access to power, equal opportunity,

U.S. and Europe equal rights like the vote

Second Wave 1960s-1970s

more radical quest to access women's Western welfare societies power, differential rights; aligned with

other civil rights movements

Third Wave 1980s-1990s

global

recognition of diversity of women's voices, of multiple axes of oppression, multiple strategies of redress,

transnational awareness and activism

Approaching Texts as a Feminist

Questions during each of the 3 Waves

late 19th-early 20th c First Wave U.S. and Europe

access to power, equal opportunity, equal rights like the vote

Questions for Where ARE the women? textual evidence

How have men been misreading/

misusing the Bible?

Strategy Gather evidence that (male) scholars

have been ignoring OF women

Challenge the male interpretive tradition

Approaching Texts as a Feminist Questions during each of the 3 Waves

Second Wave	1960s-1970s Western welfare societies	more radical quest to access women's power, differential rights; aligned with other civil rights movements
Questions for textual evidence		What are men's and women's roles?
		How were they constructed in real life and in rhetoric?
Strategy		Analyze how the biblical texts construct women's roles, and how interpreters reinforce or exacerbate that.
		Gather evidence of women's lives not merely the stories of their lives

	Approaching Texts as a Feminist Questions during each of the 3 Waves		
	Third Wave	1980s-1990s global	recognition of diversity of women's voices, of multiple axes of oppression, multiple strategies of redress, transnational awareness and activism
8	Questions for textual evidence		Is the only relevant question whether one is a man or a woman? Ihow are these inflected by other power imbalances? Is gender only binary? That is, are there only two?
	Strategy		Analyze the impact of multiple factors on women's and men's social, economic and political positions

Genesis 2:4b-25:

The Second Creation Story Read by a Second-Wave Feminist



Creation of Eve from a Sleeping Adam (Gen 2:4:21-22)

Creation of the Church from the Crucified Jesus (Gen 2:4:21-22)

Genesis 2:18-25

18 Then the LORD God said, "It is not good that the man (מאדם) should be alone; I will make him a helper as his partner." ¹⁹ So out of the ground the LORD God formed every animal of the field and every bird of the air, and brought them to the man (מאדם) to see what he would call them; and whatever the man (מאדם) called every living creature, that was its name. ²⁰ The man (מאדם) gave names to all cattle, and to the birds of the air, and to every animal of the field; but for the man (מאדם) there was not found a helper as his partner. ²¹ So the LORD God caused a deep sleep to fall upon the man (מאדם), and he slept; then he took one of his ribs and closed up its place with flesh. ²² And the rib that the LORD God had taken from the man (מאדם) he made into a woman (לאשה) and brought her to the man (מאדם). ²³ Then the man (האדם) said,

"This at last is bone of my bones and flesh of my flesh; this one shall be called <u>Woman</u> (אשה), for out of <u>Man</u> (איש) this one was taken."

²⁴ Therefore a man (איש) leaves his father and his mother and clings to his wife (באשתו), and they become one flesh. ²⁵ And the man (האדם) and his wife (אשתו), were both naked, and were not ashamed.